

MEMO

TO: All affiliated Golf Clubs

FROM: Scott Wagstaff – Acting Chief Executive Officer

DATE: 4th December 2008

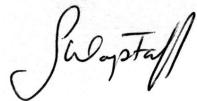
RE: Rule 26 – Water Hazards & Lateral Water Hazards

Dear All,

Please find attached diagrams explaining options for relief under Rule 26 regarding Water Hazards and Lateral Water Hazards.

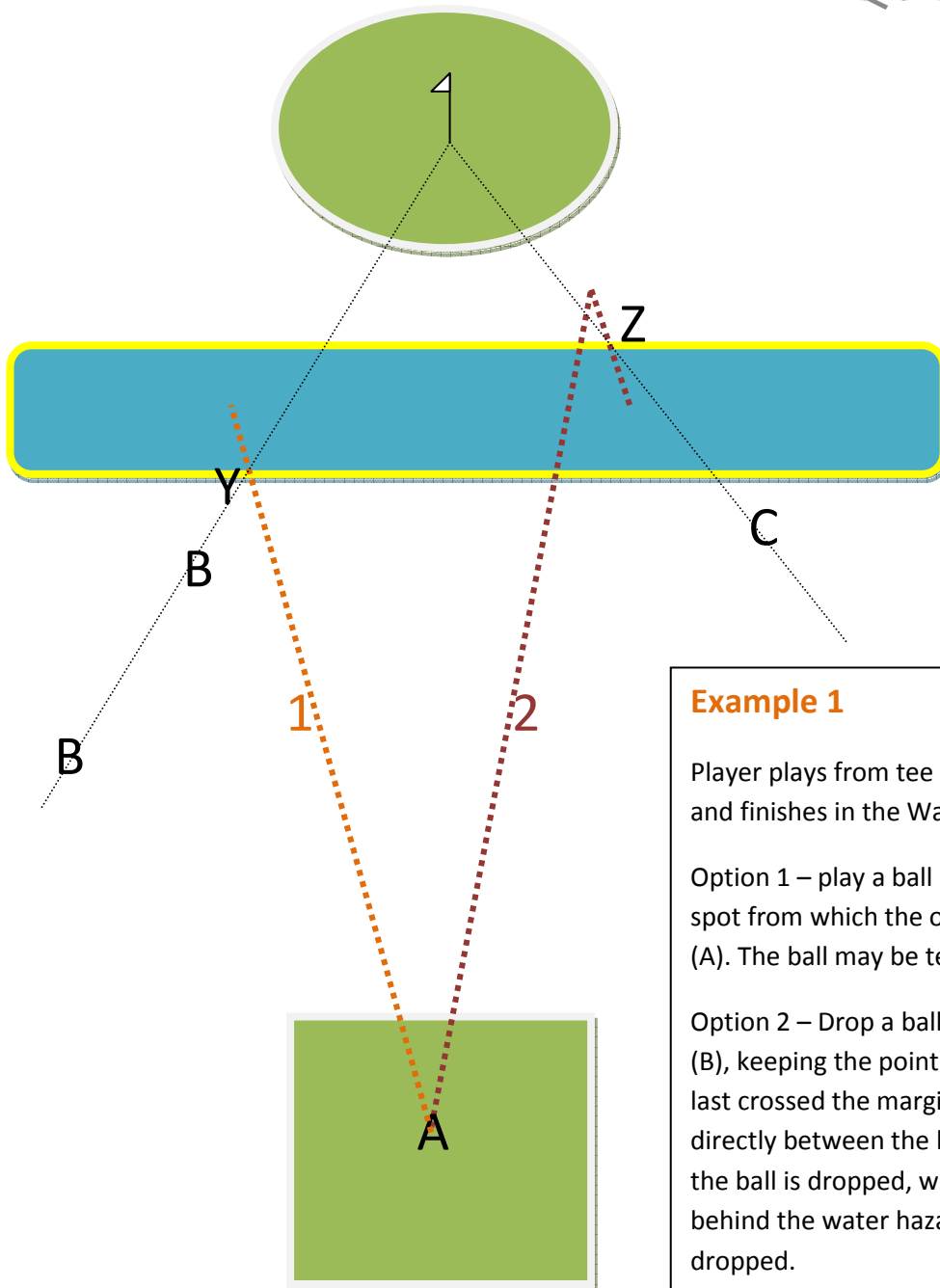
Golf Queensland has provided these diagrams to assist with your members understanding of the rules and feels it may be appropriate to display these on your club noticeboard.

Kind regards



Scott Wagstaff
Acting Chief Executive Officer

Water Hazard – (yellow)



Example 1

Player plays from tee and ball crosses at point Y and finishes in the Water Hazard.

Option 1 – play a ball as nearly as possible at the spot from which the original ball was last played (A). The ball may be teed on this occasion.

Option 2 – Drop a ball behind the water hazard (B), keeping the point at which the original ball last crossed the margin of the water hazard (Y), directly between the hole and the spot on which the ball is dropped, with no limit to how far behind the water hazard the ball may be dropped.

Example 2

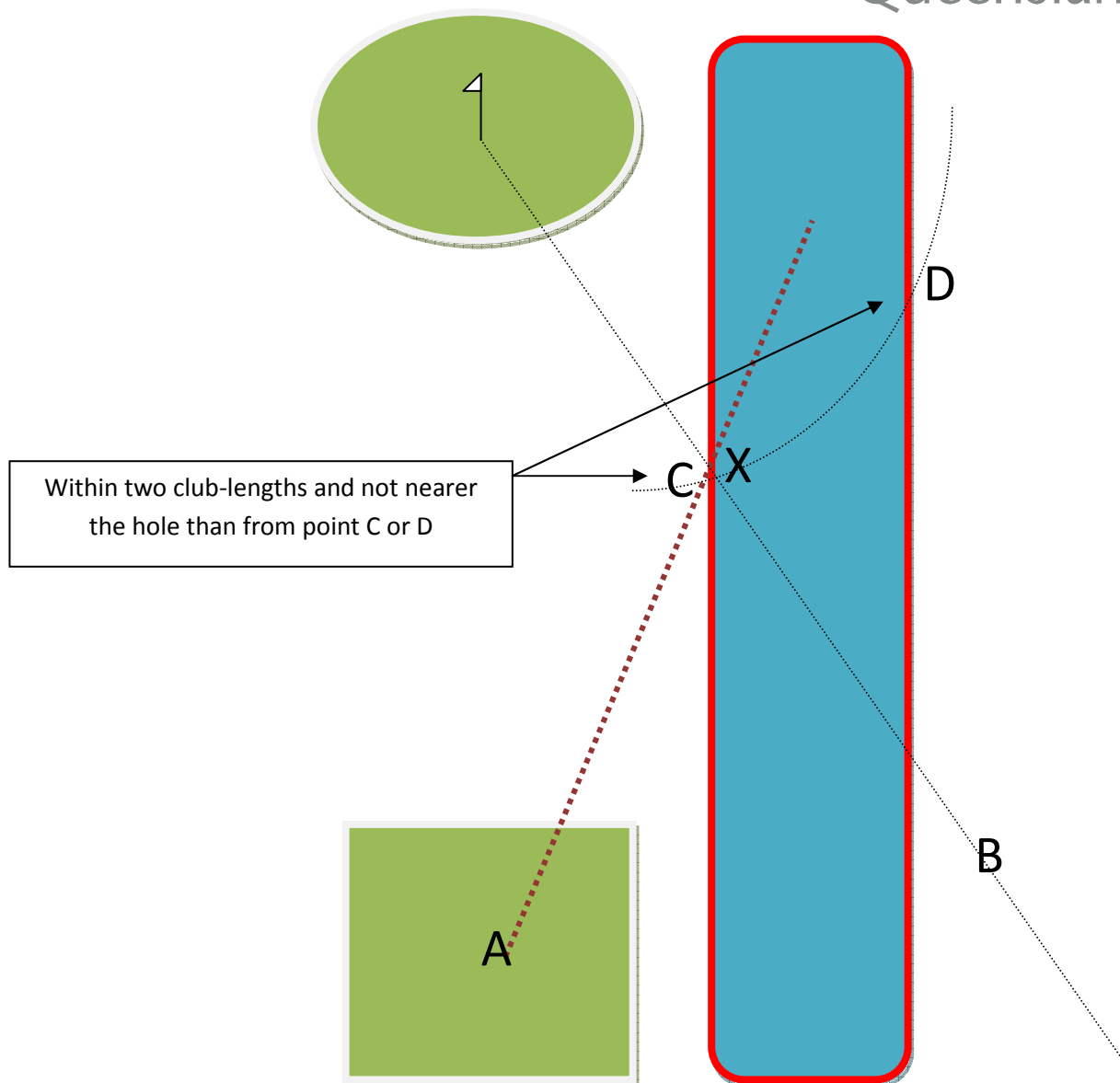
Player plays from tee and ball crosses the water hazard and rolls back into the water hazard at point Z and finishes in the Water Hazard.

Option 1 – play a ball as nearly as possible at the spot from which the original ball was last played (A). The ball may be teed on this occasion.

Option 2 – Drop a ball behind the water hazard (C), keeping the point at which the original ball last crossed the margin of the water hazard (Z), directly between the hole and the spot on which the ball is dropped, with no limit to how far behind the water hazard the ball may be dropped.

The ball cannot be dropped on the green side of the water hazard.

Lateral Water Hazard – (red)



Options

Player plays from tee and ball last crosses the margin of the lateral water hazard at point X and finishes in the Lateral Water Hazard.

Option 1 – play a ball as nearly as possible at the spot from which the original ball was last played (A). The ball may be teed on this occasion.

Option 2 – Drop a ball behind the water hazard (B), keeping the point at which the original ball last crossed the margin of the water hazard (X), directly between the hole and the spot on which the ball is dropped, with no limit to how far behind the water hazard the ball may be dropped.

Applicable to Lateral Water Hazards only

Options 3 & 4 –, drop a ball outside the lateral water hazard (C) within two club-lengths of and not nearer the hole than (i) the point where the original ball last crossed the margin of the lateral water hazard (X) or a point (D) on the opposite margin of the lateral water hazard equidistant from the hole from point X.